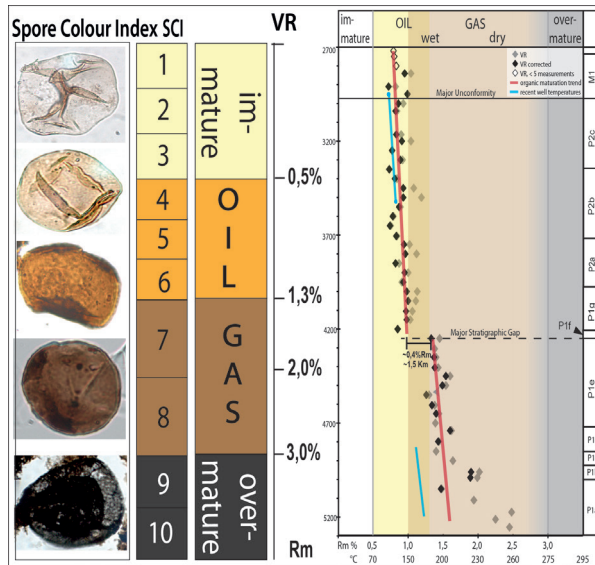


# GeoResources

## Organic Maturation



High-resolution Organic Maturation  
Vitrinite Reflectance & Colour Indices  
for maximum accessibility & reliability  
of maturation data

### Benefits for HC Exploration

- Digital image based VR analysis enables measurements of small vitrinite grains down to pixel-size (<10µm) without any side effects
- Strongly improved interpretation of mixed VR data sets by identification of degraded and recycled vitrinite vs. in-situ vitrinite populations
- better identification of real vitrinite vs. vitrinite-like particles by image analysis
- VR analysis is limited by availability of vitrinite, which is not available before middle Silurian times and rare towards distal marine basin settings
- Palynomorph colour indices are good alternatives for analysis of organic maturation and hydrocarbon generation levels, when vitrinite is absent
- Combination VR / palynomorph colours minimizes uncertainty of maturation analysis by maximum application to different geological settings and reliability by data cross-check from both methods

### Add Ons - For Integrated Source Rock Analysis

**Optical Kerogen Analysis** - Integrated analysis of kerogen composition and preservation for improved evaluation of hydrocarbon potential

**Core Logging & Thin Section Analysis** - texture & composition of source rocks (organic rich shales)

**SEM** - high-resolution analysis of microporosity, rock texture and mineral/kerogen distribution

**Clay Mineralogy & Carbonate Quantification** - information on petromechanical rock properties

### Further Informations:

[www.georesources.de/organic\\_maturation.html](http://www.georesources.de/organic_maturation.html)

### About GeoResources

**GeoResources** provides industry and research expertise for exploration of hydrocarbon systems - conventional and unconventional. Our aim is the transfer of latest research knowledge into industry consultancy, improving the understanding, exploration and evaluation of georesources, mainly hydrocarbons

**GeoResources** Steinbeis Transfer Centre (STC) is one of more than 700 science and technology transfer centres of the Steinbeis Foundation, dedicated to the transfer of research knowledge into industry consulting.

**GeoResources** is associated to the Heidelberg University of Excellence. It was founded in 2005 at the Institute of Earth Sciences of the University of Heidelberg.

### Contact

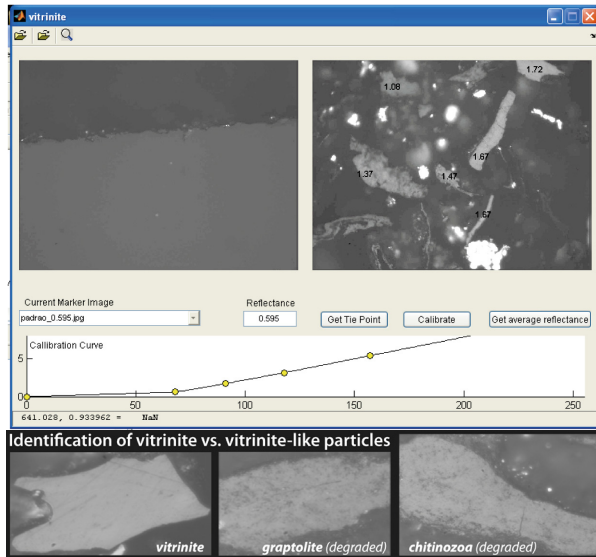
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## Vitrinite Reflectance - new method

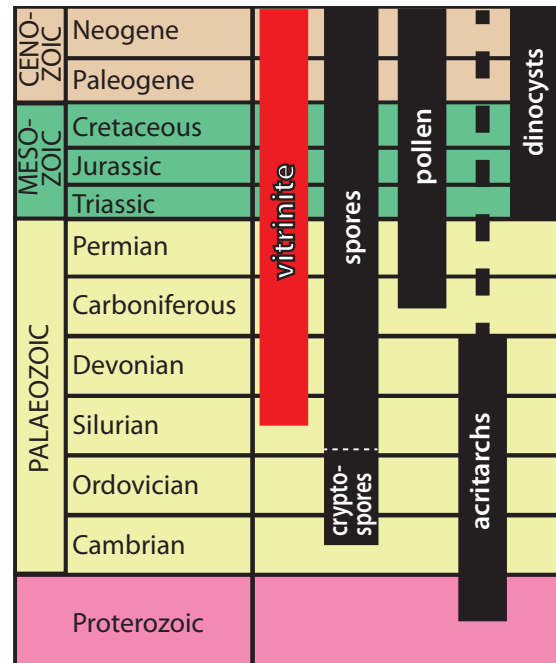
- Small vitrinites, typical in dispersed kerogen of hydrocarbon source rocks, cause problems in classical photometer-based vitrinite reflectance (VR) analysis, because reflectance is measured from all components in the measuring field, not only from single vitrinite grains = mixed reflectance value



- new VR method based on high-resolution digital images of vitrinite from reflected-light microscopy
- image grey levels represent reflectance, which are re-calculated to real VR by image analysis software
- high-resolution reflectance analysis of single vitrinite grains down to pixel-size (<10 µm) without any negative side effects
- identification of in-situ, recycled and degraded vitrinite in mixed vitrinite assemblages and separation of real vitrinite from vitrinite-like particles.

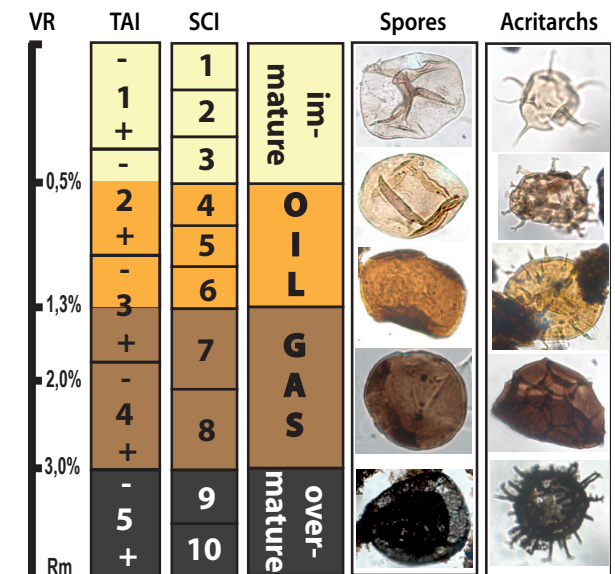
## Vitrinite Reflectance - Limitations

- all organic matter shows reflectance of light, but only vitrinite reflectance is calibrated for the recalculation of exact palaeotemperatures
- vitrinite (woody material from higher land plants) is widely distributed from terrestrial to marine environments, with some limitations by facies types and stratigraphy of studied systems



- vitrinite is available from the middle Silurian, thus not applicable in early Palaeozoic (Cambrian to mid-Silurian) hydrocarbon systems.
- alternative methods needed, like palynomorph colour indices (TAI, SCI), especially based on cryptospore and acritarch colours for early Palaeozoic hydrocarbon plays

## Palynomorph Colour Indices



- palynomorph colour analysis (SCI/TAI) used as alternative, when vitrinite is not available (due to facies, preservation or stratigraphical limitation)
- SCI/TAI developed for spores and pollen, but also applied to marine palynomorphs (acritarchs dinocysts)
- SCI/TAI enables maturation analysis in a wide range of geological settings - terrestrial to deep marine
- SCI/TAI provide easy-access, first estimates of organic maturation levels
- SCI/TAI for independent cross-check of vitrinite reflectance data sets
- combination of vitrinite reflectance analysis and SCI/TAI analysis for maximum accessibility and reliability of organic maturation data.